

SC16

2016 Chair
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2016

Top-ten supercomputers:

- Sunway TaihuLight
- Tianhe-2A
- Titan
- Sequoia
- Cori
- Oakforest- PACS
- K Computer
- Piz Daint
- Mira
- Trinity

Notable systems mentioned in top cited papers:

- Titan
- Blue Water
- Jaguar

Notable processors/ architectures:

- Stratix V FPGA

Notable HW/SW architecture topics:

- Trillion-edge graph processing
- Energy efficiency
- Reliability
- Error resilience

Notable application areas:

- SC Reproducibility Initiative
- Compiler-based AMR Code
- Scalable atmospheric and earthquake modeling

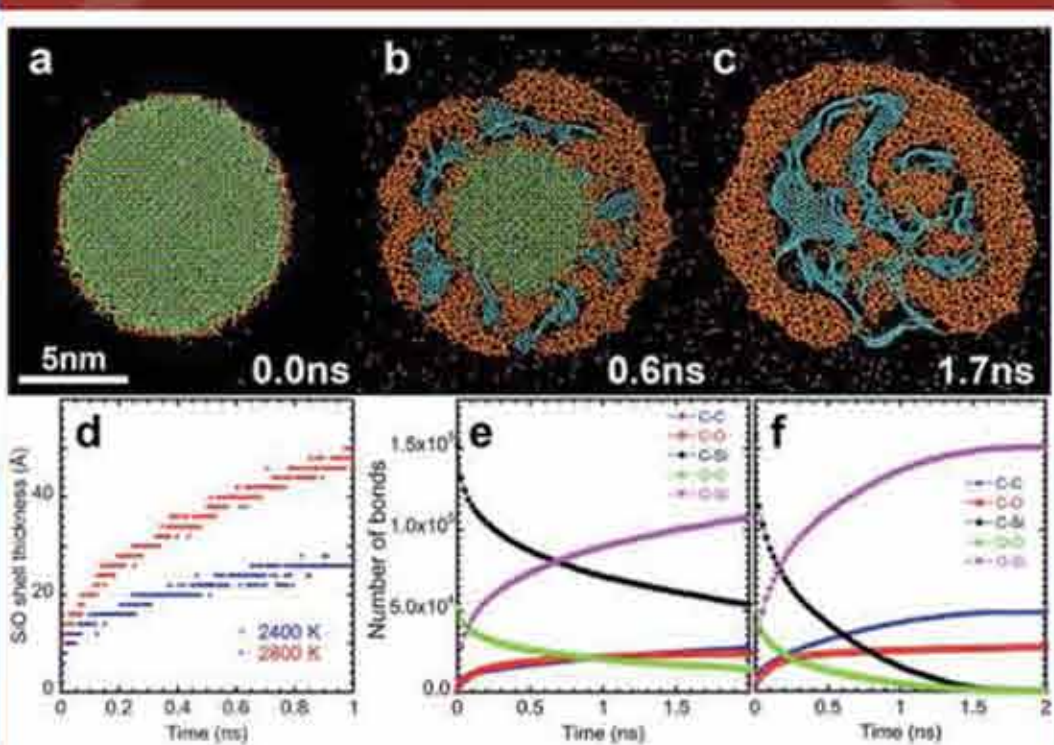
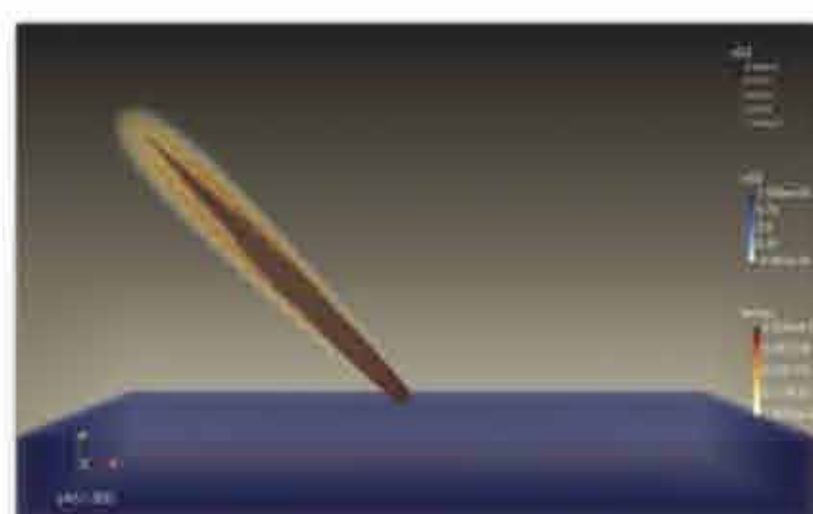


Figure 1. High-temperature nSiC oxidation. (a-c) Snapshots from an RMD simulation showing oxidation of a SiC nanoparticle of diameter 10 nm at temperature 2,800 K. A 2 nm-thick slice in the middle of the simulation box is shown in panels (a-c). Yellow, cyan, and red spheres represent silicon, carbon, and oxygen atoms, respectively, in nSiC. For clarity, O₂ molecules surrounding nSiC are not shown here. (a) Initial configuration; (b) a porous layer of silica encapsulating carbon products develops after 0.6 ns; and (c) carbon clusters grow further until the core of nSiC is completely oxidized around 1.7 ns. (d) The time evolution of the silica-shell thickness at temperatures 2,400 K (blue) and 2,800 K (red). (e,f) The time evolution of the number of chemical bonds at 2,400 K (e) and 2,800 K (f).



(a) Approach



(b) Impact



(c) Aftermath